

5th 4DIAC Users' Workshop

Dynamically loadable Function Block types to reduce application development time

Matthias Plasch ETFA 2014, Barcelona, 12 September 2014

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Introduction and Motivation

- Requirements of flexible production systems
 - Modular and distributed architecture
 - Fast adaptation, scalability, extensibility
- Challenge: Integration of heterogeneous modules / components
- **IEC 61499 provides an open basis for component interoperability**
- Function Block (FB) development for component interaction
 - Time consuming runtime compilation required in many cases
 - Interpretation of FBs during runtime scarcely supported
- **Target:** Speed-up development, system integration and ramp-up



Approach to reduce FB development time

- **Goal 1:** Automatic interpretation of FB type functionality
 - Based on FB definition files
 - Interpretation and execution of algorithms based on scripting languages
 - Fast reconfiguration of FB behaviour
- **Goal 2:** Dynamically configured FB type library
 - Enabling lightweight runtime configurations
 - Type library extension does not require runtime re-compilation
- **4DIAC** Framework for Distributed Industrial Automation and Control
 - **4DIAC-IDE** Development Environment
 - FORTE 4DIAC Runtime Environment



Creation of a Dynamic Type Library

- Definition files are queried on runtime startup
- XML parser to extract information
 - Interface (event and data ports)
 - Type specific data
- Basic FB-Types
 - Internal Variable definitions
 - Execution Control Chart (ECC)
- Composite FB-Types
 - Internal FB instances, parameterization
 - Internal connections



Dynamic Configuration of Execution Control Charts (ECCs)

- Behaviour of a Basic FB is determined through its ECC
 - オ States, including Actions
 - Transitions between States
- Dynamically configured ECCs imply
 - Interpretation of guard conditions and algorithms
 - Configurable execution based on extracted ECC information



- Online interpretation of algorithms and conditions
 - Integration of the scripting language LUA into the FORTE
 - Requires Structured Text (ST) expressions to be transformed into LUA code

230E

LUA-

Condition / Algorithm **Function Pointer**

Throw Exception &

Abort

SCRIPT

Dynamic Configuration of Execution Control Charts (ECCs)



- Compilation of scripts for each transition condition and algorithm expression
- Function pointers refer to calling functions of compiled scripts



Benefits of using LUA

- Fast integration through C-API (Application Programming Interface)
- Lightweight, causing low memory consumption
- LuaJIT Just-In-Time interpreter to speed up execution
- LUA can be used to force flexible usage of logic FBs





Performance Evaluation

- Execution of LUA-based FBs is significantly slower
 - LuaJIT increases performance
- Small differences in memory consumption (range of 1 MB)
- Size of FORTE executable is increased

 - Factor 3.4 for LuaJIT
- Use of LUA-based FB types reasonable during development
 - In debugging and test phase, no re-compilation of FORTE required
 - **FB** type definitions can be exported in C++ code, after development
 - Suitable for testing complex basic FBs, instead of bulky networks



Related work

- Function Block Development KIT (FBDK)
 - Compilation of single FB types possible
 - Generated Java source and class files are linked accordingly
 - No full re-compilation of the runtime environment necessary
- nxtSTUDIO by NXT-Control
 - Intermediate code is generated for newly developed or changed FBs
 - Runtime environment nxtRT61499F interprets the intermediate code during runtime
- Comparison to our solution
 - Dynamic type library builds entirely on FB definition files
 - No pre-compilation of FB types necessary
 - Runtime compilation after FB development, to speed up execution



Future Work

Development of an approach to dynamically register a functional module within a distributed control architecture, based on IEC 61499





Summary

- Dynamic FB type library
 - Constructed during runtime start-up
 - Extraction of FB type data from definition files
- Dynamic configuration of Basic FB types
 - LUA scripting language to interpret condition and algorithm expressions
 - State chart logic is configured dynamically
- Suitable for development and debugging to reduce time effort
- → Future work item
- This work is supported by the European funded research project SMARTLAM (www.smartlam.eu)



Thanks for your attention!

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